

# ANALYSIS OF HIGH-RISE APARTMENT ACCIDENT BASED ON FTA

Karthick.R<sup>1</sup>, Karthick.K.N<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Student, Department of Industrial Safety Engineering, Knowledge institute of technology, Tamil Nadu, India

<sup>2</sup>Assistant Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Knowledge institute of technology, TamilNadu, India

## Abstract

In recent years, the number of apartment building fires keeps on increasing which causes threat to human life and leads to huge damage on materials and resources. The paper aims at studying and analysis on apartment fire accidents and providing some recommendations and suggestions on real time application practise. In this paper a case study on accident causes due to fire is analysed in detail, the important events of incidents are being indicated. Moreover recommendation for fire safety equipment installation for high rise apartment and suggestion for safe egress on emergency is proposed.

**Keywords:** Accident causes analysis, Fire safety, High rise apartment, Fire safety Devices.

\*\*\*

## 1. INTRODUCTION

In recent years most of the building fire accident is happened in residential buildings. In India residential apartment are developed in the way of multi-building and fully modernized apartments. On the other hand, modernized building is not suitable for fire safety designs. So it is difficult to cut off the fire in high rise building. The fire accident in large buildings is totally different from the fire accident in the high rise apartments. One of the main reasons for the quick spreading of the apartment fire is that the neighboring house is closely built. Accident cause analysis is a process of understanding and characterizing the fire hazard in high rise apartment for more protection and prevention of fire [3]. To improve the fire safety of high rise apartment and to save the life of the residential people, the safety measures for the building should be taken at the design stage of the construction and also follow the National building code. In this paper a case study of an apartment fire is discussed and the reason for the accident was analyzed by fault tree analysis method. To find out the various causes for the fire accident in that apartment and some recommendations for the fire safety system and fire safety devices are also discussed in order to prevent the fire accident and save the life of the people.

## 2. FAULT TREE ANALYSIS ON APARTMENT FIRE ACCIDENT

### 2.1 Apartment Accident Overview

November 2012, Hyderabad, India a huge fire accident where occur at the high rise apartment in the city center place. In the massive fire six people were killed which includes a new born baby too. A week-baby and two women were killed, three others were heavily injured. It was one of the worst fire accidents which Hyderabad city ever faced. Three fire tenders and the crew of firefighters battled for nearly two hours to make the situation under control. The fire started in a shed where plastic and other combustible materials were stored, which was used for film shooting.

Later the fire spread towards the residential building. It became impossible for the residents to escape because of the thick smoke in the staircase, which was close to the shed. Through the other side of the building the firefighting personnel and the locals rescued some people. Most important thing that people is not aware of apartment fire accident. The problem identify in the accident are based on building characteristics as their height of the building, population density, fire load in the residential. Fire spread it is difficult to put off the fire and very hard to evacuate [1]. This accident is one of the worst fire accident in the city people was faced.

### 2.2 Fault Tree Analysis Preparation

Fault tree analysis will not only analyzed the direct cause of the accident but also find the basic cause of the accident through stepwise analysis method finally shows the main cause of the accident. It shows the direct and indirect causes of the accident. In this case study accident analyzes the possible reason for the spread of fire is the accumulated plastic in the nearby temporary shed. Based on these, fire hazard factors on the high rise apartment are analyzed using the fault tree analysis method[2]. A fig 1 show is fault tree analysis diagram for apartment fire method finally shows the fire development cause of the accident. Table 1 clearly shows the sign meaning in the fault tree analysis.

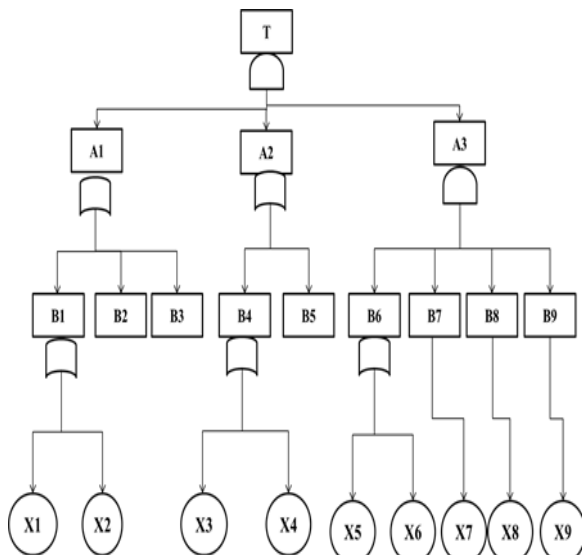


Fig.1 Fault tree analysis diagram of the apartment fire accident.

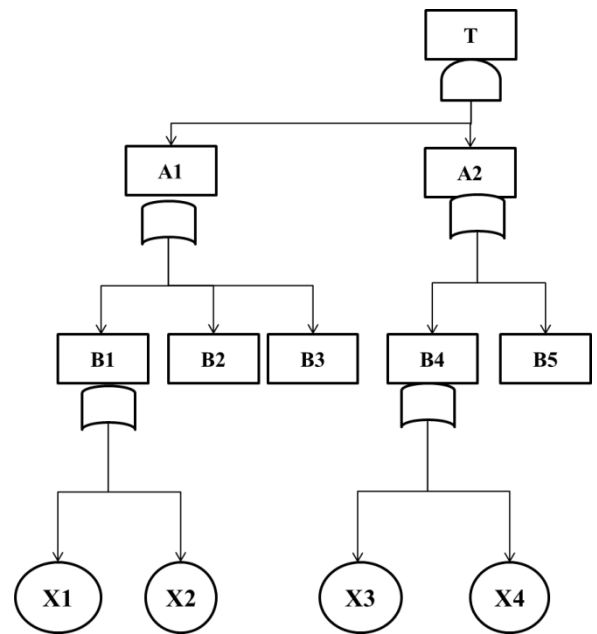


Fig.2 Fault tree analysis diagram of fire development.

Table 1 Meaning of each sign

SIGN	MEANING
T	Residential apartment fire
A1	Fire source
B1	Electrical fire
B2	Cooking fire
B3	Fumes welding
X1	Short circuit
X2	Wire damage
A3	Fire prevention and protection technique
B6	Fire alarm
B7	Fire extinguisher
B8	Smoke detector
B9	Fire sprinkler
X5	Alarm delay
X6	Failure of alarm
X7	No fire extinguisher
X8	Not detect properly
X9	Improper maintenance
A2	Fuel source for fire
B4	Flammable liquid
B5	Plastics
X3	Petrol
X4	Gasoline

By the fault tree analysis, fire development causes can be analyzed and summarized some sources when the high rise apartment fire accident happens, the firefighting and egress plays an important role, but it is difficult to avoid the fire completely. By avoid accident use the techniques like the fire prevention, protection and safety devices like fire alarm, fire extinguisher, smoke detector, fire sprinkler etc. [2].A Fig 2 shows that fault tree analysis of fire development in the apartment fire.

### 2.3 Identification of Risk Source in the Apartment

#### Fire

According to the classification fire building accident the main causes of fire were discussed and analyzed

(1). Electrical fire is the most dangerous fire in the high rise apartment buildings it is the top most repeated to causes fire accident in the past scenario. Short circuit and wire damage are the two major reason of the accident. Where an electrical appliance used in the residential are poor conducting devices like (hair dryers, portable heater, cooking appliances).check that all the wires and cables were protected by fuses. Use proper current rating for the air condition it will minimize their fire accident.

(2). Cooking fire is second leading cause of fire in apartment. Never leave cooking while unfulfilled. A good housekeeping prevents the half of the fire accident in the kitchen. Most cooking fire involve in the stovetop. Never store flammable liquids in the kitchen Keep match box and lighters in the locked cabinet.

(3). Fumes welding is the another cause of accident nearby buildings location some jointing and cutting works where held at the time. The most dangerous hazard sparks emission to get easily fire on the source material.

(4). Flammable items like gasoline, benzene, naphtha, or similar flammable liquids are never store inside of the buildings. Flammable things are quickly catch the fire by heat radiation storage of plastics get easily by slight change of hot temperature. In this accident plastic plays the major role for causes the storage of plastics must place in the non-hazardous area.

(5). Smoke detector is the initial the fire indicating equipment. According to the IS 2189:1976 it is suggested that rapid growth of industries and buildings place the fire

safety devices. If it is present 50% of fire will be protected. Smoke detector is placed the spacing between the detector shall not exceed 12m in the ordinary area, 18m in the corridors[5]. It also plays a preventive action that takes place before the fire occurs; it should not be installed near the window, corridors and doors.

(6). Fire alarm system according to Indian standard IS2189:1976 it is suggested to place the devices more hazardous area initiating devices such as manual fire alarm box, automatic detection. The combination of the system gives an audible and visible thing. It protects the whole occupant at the initial stage of the fire.

(7). Fire sprinkler is utilizing water from direct application onto the fire and heat. Which causes a reduction in temperature and gets cooling of the combustion process and prevents the fire. This system detects, isolates, attacks and controls the fire. Sprinklers are designed to reduce the temperature rating depends upon the risk[5]. Sprinkler system plays an outstanding record in fire statistics around the world; successfully suppressed 99% of fire protection. Almost 50% of the fire will be controlled by this system.

### 3. PREVENTIVE STRATEGIES ON THE HIGH RISE APARTMENT

Through the above analysis, the reason for a fire accident can be divided into two: modern safety technology and management performance related to safety; if these two systems can be done well, the probability of building fire accidents will be reduced and safety awareness improved for people. The following gives a brief analysis of the two systems.

(1). Modern safety technology: Indian standard code suggests that improve fire safety aspect at the residential building. According to that, fire-protected doors were used inside the building as per the standard. Fire-resistant walls designed to stop a fire spreading; these are similar to the water-proof. Fireproof paint will suggest to coat in the wall and roofs. Easily flammable material was avoided in the floor. We can also solve fire by some technical level of the fire sprinkler system, auto alarm system, smoke detector, automatic fire alarm detection, smoke alarm, heat detection, and it is hoped that fire can be prevented and controlled from the technical aspects[2]. In addition, local governments and fire departments should be updated to improve the firefighting equipment and conduct fire drills for the people.

(2). Management performance related to safety: National building code suggests that improve fire safety aspect at the residential building. Management must concentrate on the design of construction. Mock drills should be conducted once in a year to identify the two ways of exit from every room and to have better knowledge on escape planning. Know the plan of safe egress, all window doors should open easily. Visible commitment provided from the top level management. Emergency on-site plan must provide every apartment building. Periodic awareness program should be conducted. Top level management must understand the

importance of safety and express to all people.[2]. Increase the safety culture and improve the level of safety in the apartment building. At last, more necessary to install and maintain safety devices.

### 4. RECOMMENDATIONS

At the time of fire or emergency period, keep you analyzed that building is whether fire-proof building or non-fire proof building. If your building is fire proof, stay inside the building, try to solve the fire sources[4]. It is non-proof building, occupant immediately leave the building, analyses the time management to evacuate at safe area between the sounds of alarm and to reach safe assembly point. In accordance to the nationally recognized building code, every building should have an emergency egress system. These codes will contain minimum standards for the emergency exit system, i.e. the pathway that provides evacuation routes from every part of the building to the outdoor at ground level[5]. Fire drill is important for all homes included apartment building; you need to know the basics of escape planning.

### 5. CONCLUSIONS

The study reveals on the high rise apartment fire, which is one among the major accidents. A case study on high rise apartment was taken and analyzed deeply by accident cause analysis in the high rise apartment fire accident. The accident cause analysis explains the cause of fire and the basic events. It shows that negligence on planning, implementation and maintaining of safety management system is the major cause of accidents. By implementing the above recommendation, the level of safety can be increased in high rise apartment; which helps in preventing fire accidents. In order to guide the high rise apartment fire prevention safety problem, this study remedial and countermeasure to provide some practical application of apartment building. This study can be taken as a ground work on safety issues in high rise apartment.

### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Mr. M. Karthikeyan, Assistant professor, University of Petroleum and Energy Studies, Dhradun.

### REFERENCES

- [1]. LIU Xiuyu, ZHANG Hao\*, ZHU Qingming (2012). "Factor analysis of high rise building fire reasons and fire protection measures", *Procedia Engineering* 45, 643 – 648.
- [2]. Chen Haitao<sup>a,b,\*</sup>, Lou Leilei<sup>c</sup>, Qiu Jiuzi<sup>d</sup> (2012). "Accident cause analysis and Evacuation countermeasures on the high-rise building fires", *Procedia Engineering* 43, 23 – 27.
- [3]. MA Qian-lia,b, HUANG Ting-lina,\* (2011). "Analysis of and study on the difficulties in the fire protection design of large commercial complex", *Procedia Engineering* 11, 302–307.
- [4]. Guylene Proulx. (1995), "Evacuation time and movement in apartment buildings", *Fire Safety Journal* 24, 229-246.

[5]. V.K.Jain.,(2010)“Fire safety inbuilding”,second edition 2010,New age international publishers.

## BIOGRAPHIES



Mr. R. Karthick was born in Salem city, Tamil nadu, India in 1991. He received the B.E. degree in Electrical and Electronic Engineering from K.S.Rangasamy college of Technology, Tiruchengode, Tamil Nadu, India, in 2012. He is currently pursuing the M.E. degree in Industrial Safety Engineering at Knowledge Institute of Technology, Salem, Tamil Nadu, India.



Mr. K. N. Karthick received the B.E. degree in mechanical engineering from K. S. Rangasamy College of Technology, Namakkal, Tamil Nadu, India, in 2010 and M.E. degree in Manufacturing Systems and Management from College of Engineering, Guindy, Anna University, Chennai, Tamil Nadu, India, in 2013. Since 2013, he has been an assistant professor with the Department of Mechanical Engineering at Knowledge Institute of Technology, Salem, Tamil Nadu, India